

122-02-2022

HANRO

OF SWITZERLAND

①

$$E_x = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |x(t)|^2 dt = \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^0 v^2 dt + \int_0^{\frac{T}{2}} v^1 dt = v^2 \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^0 dt + v^1 \int_0^{\frac{T}{2}} dt = v^2 T$$

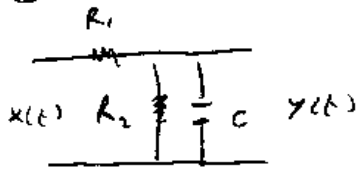
②

$$\begin{aligned} X(\omega) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt = \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^0 v e^{-j\omega t} dt + \int_0^{\frac{T}{2}} v e^{-j\omega t} dt \\ &= v \left[\frac{e^{-j\omega t}}{-j\omega} \right]_{-\frac{T}{2}}^0 + v \left[\frac{e^{-j\omega t}}{-j\omega} \right]_0^{\frac{T}{2}} \\ &= v \left[\frac{1 - e^{j\omega \frac{T}{2}}}{-j\omega} \right] + v \left[\frac{e^{-j\omega \frac{T}{2}} - 1}{-j\omega} \right] \\ &= \frac{v}{\omega} \left[1 - e^{j\omega \frac{T}{2}} - e^{-j\omega \frac{T}{2}} + 1 \right] j = \frac{v}{\omega} \left[2 - 2\cos\left(\omega \frac{T}{2}\right) \right] j \end{aligned}$$

$$|X(\omega)|^2 = \frac{v^2}{\omega^2} \left[2 - 2\cos\left(\omega \frac{T}{2}\right) \right]^2$$

$$E_{b,c} = \frac{|X(\omega)|^2}{2\pi} = \frac{v^2}{\omega^2} \frac{\left[2 - 2\cos\left(\omega \frac{T}{2}\right) \right]^2}{\pi}$$

3



$$Y(s) = \frac{Z_2 \parallel Z_3}{Z_1 + Z_2 \parallel Z_3} X(s)$$

$$H(\omega) = \frac{R_2 \cdot \frac{1}{j\omega C}}{R_1 + \frac{R_2 \cdot \frac{1}{j\omega C}}{R_2 + \frac{1}{j\omega C}}}$$

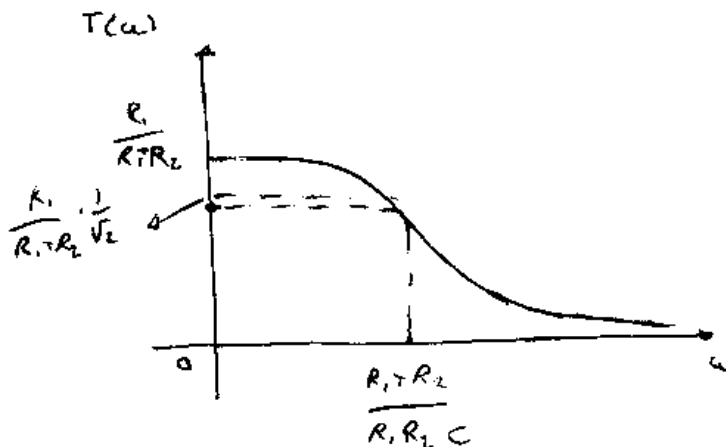
$$= \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot \frac{1}{1 + j\omega C \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2}}$$

$$T(\omega) = |H(\omega)| = \frac{R_2}{\sqrt{(R_1 + R_2)^2 + (\omega R_1 R_2 C)^2}}$$

$$\beta(\omega) = -\arg\{H(\omega)\} = \arctan\left(\omega C \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2}\right)$$

$$T(\omega) \Big|_{\omega=0} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \quad T(\omega) \Big|_{\omega = \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 R_2 C}} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \quad T(\omega) \Big|_{\omega \rightarrow \infty} = 0$$

4



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$$\frac{|Y(\omega)|^2}{2\pi} = |H(\omega)|^2 \frac{|X(\omega)|^2}{2\pi} \Rightarrow$$

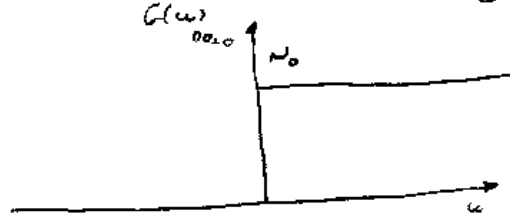
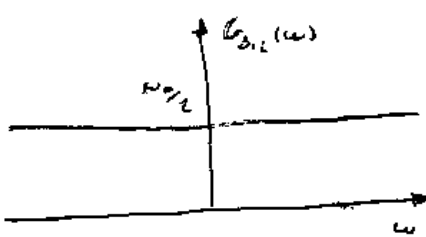
$$E_Y(\omega) = \frac{R_2^2}{(R_1 + R_2)^2 + (\omega R_1 R_2 C)^2} \cdot \frac{V^2}{\omega^2} \frac{[1 - \cos(\omega \frac{L}{2})]^2}{\pi}$$

119-03-2002

①

$$C(\tau) = \pi N_0 \delta(\tau)$$

$$G_{x_{BIL}}(\omega) = \frac{F[C(\tau)]}{2\pi} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \pi N_0 \delta(\tau) e^{-j\omega\tau} d\tau = \frac{N_0}{2}$$

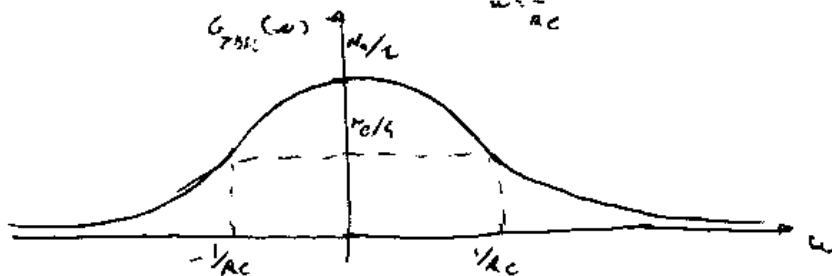


⑤

$$\text{F.D.T. FILTERO RC} \Rightarrow H(\omega) = \frac{1}{1 + j\omega RC}$$

$$G_{Y_{BIL}}(\omega) = |H(\omega)|^2 G_{x_{BIL}}(\omega) = \frac{1}{1 + (\omega RC)^2} \cdot \frac{N_0}{2}$$

$$G_{Y_{BIL}}(\omega) \Big|_{\omega=0} = \frac{N_0}{2} \quad G_{Y_{BIL}}(\omega) \Big|_{\omega=\frac{1}{RC}} = \frac{N_0}{4} \quad G_{Y_{BIL}}(\omega) \Big|_{\omega=\infty} = 0$$



④

$$G_{Y_{DRL}}(\omega) = \frac{F[C_Y(\tau)]}{2\pi} \Rightarrow F[C_Y(\tau)] = 2\pi G_{Y_{DRL}}(\omega) \Rightarrow$$

$$C_Y(\tau) = F^{-1}[2\pi G_{Y_{DRL}}(\omega)]$$

$$C_Y(\tau) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1 + (j\omega RC)^2} \frac{N_0}{2} e^{j\omega\tau} d\omega = \frac{N_0}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{j\omega\tau}}{1 + (j\omega RC)^2} d\omega$$

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$$P_Y = C_Y(0)$$